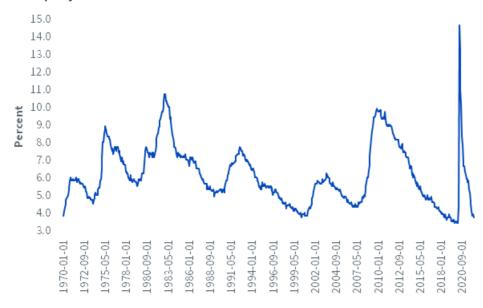
STAGFLATION WITHOUT THE 'STAG'

Kevin Flanagan - Head of Fixed Income Strategy 03/09/2022

On the domestic economic front, I've received a lot of questions lately about the prospects for 'stagflation.' By definition, stagflation is a period of weak growth, if any, combined with high inflation. Based on the economic data available at this time, I would surmise that the 'inflation' part of this term is certainly on point, but I don't see any visible signs of the 'stag' component.

To look at the U.S. economy's last actual bout of stagflation, we need to go back to the 1970s. That brings to mind another key component to this economic condition: high unemployment. During the entire decade of the '70s, the average jobless rate came in at 6.2%, peaking at 9% in 1975 (see below).

Unemployment Rate



Source: St. Louis Fed, as of 3/4/22.

After looking at the February Employment Situation report, it is readily apparent the labor market backdrop here in early 2022 is light years away from the 1970s average. Indeed, the jobless rate fell to 3.8%, which is not only an historically low figure, but it brings the level back to the roughly 3.5%-4% range of before the pandemic (see above). This drop below the 4% threshold was the by-product of two very healthy developments: the civilian labor force and employment measures rising. In fact, the underlying employment data suggest that a jobless rate below 3.5% could very well be in the offing in the months ahead, certainly not an indicator that suggests a noteworthy growth slowdown is anywhere near imminent.

Historically low unemployment combined with solid wage gains should provide support for consumer spending and the economy as a whole. In addition, household balance sheets appear to be rather healthy as well, by any standard measure. That's not to say I'm downplaying the negative tax effects from higher energy prices, but it is important to note these positive offsets from the consumer side of the ledger.



That brings us to the <u>Fed</u>, where the concern is the policy makers will raise rates too high and act as a catalyst for slower growth. However, keep in mind, the Fed's starting point is beginning the process of removing <u>emergency</u> policy measures, where Fed Funds are essentially at zero and their <u>balance sheet</u> stands at an incredible \$9 trillion. Even if Powell & Co. were to raise rates a quarter point at each of the remaining <u>FOMC</u> meetings this year, the Fed Funds range would still be at only 1.75%-2%. During the 1970s, the effective Fed Funds Rate peaked out at over 13%!

Conclusion

In other words, the Fed has a long runway for <u>tightening</u> before monetary policy could be considered in restrictive territory. The Chairman pro tempore made it very clear at last week's Semiannual Monetary Policy testimony that "the Fed needs to be nimble and alert" in this difficult environment.

For standardized performance and the most recent month-end performance click here NOTE, this material is intended for electronic use only. Individuals who intend to print and physically deliver to an investor must print the monthly performance report to accompany this blog.

Related Blogs

- + Can Powell Hit a Curve Ball?
- + Are Fed Funds Futures All They're Cracked Up to Be?
- + Looking for Yield When Rates Are Rising

View the online version of this article here.



IMPORTANT INFORMATION

U.S. investors only: Click <u>here</u> to obtain a WisdomTree ETF prospectus which contains investment objectives, risks, charges, expenses, and other information; read and consider carefully before investing.

There are risks involved with investing, including possible loss of principal. Foreign investing involves currency, political and economic risk. Funds focusing on a single country, sector and/or funds that emphasize investments in smaller companies may experience greater price volatility. Investments in emerging markets, currency, fixed income and alternative investments include additional risks. Please see prospectus for discussion of risks.

Past performance is not indicative of future results. This material contains the opinions of the author, which are subject to change, and should not to be considered or interpreted as a recommendation to participate in any particular trading strategy, or deemed to be an offer or sale of any investment product and it should not be relied on as such. There is no guarantee that any strategies discussed will work under all market conditions. This material represents an assessment of the market environment at a specific time and is not intended to be a forecast of future events or a guarantee of future results. This material should not be relied upon as research or investment advice regarding any security in particular. The user of this information assumes the entire risk of any use made of the information provided herein. Neither WisdomTree nor its affiliates, nor Foreside Fund Services, LLC, or its affiliates provide tax or legal advice. Investors seeking tax or legal advice should consult their tax or legal advisor. Unless expressly stated otherwise the opinions, interpretations or findings expressed herein do not necessarily represent the views of WisdomTree or any of its affiliates.

The MSCI information may only be used for your internal use, may not be reproduced or re-disseminated in any form and may not be used as a basis for or component of any financial instruments or products or indexes. None of the MSCI information is intended to constitute investment advice or a recommendation to make (or refrain from making) any kind of investment decision and may not be relied on as such. Historical data and analysis should not be taken as an indication or guarantee of any future performance analysis, forecast or prediction. The MSCI information is provided on an "as is" basis and the user of this information assumes the entire risk of any use made of this information. MSCI, each of its affiliates and each entity involved in compiling, computing or creating any MSCI information (collectively, the "MSCI Parties") expressly disclaims all warranties. With respect to this information, in no event shall any MSCI Party have any liability for any direct, indirect, special, incidental, punitive, consequential (including loss profits) or any other damages (www.msci.com)

Jonathan Steinberg, Jeremy Schwartz, Rick Harper, Christopher Gannatti, Bradley Krom, Tripp Zimmerman, Michael Barrer, Anita Rausch, Kevin Flanagan, Brendan Loftus, Joseph Tenaglia, Jeff Weniger, Matt Wagner, Alejandro Saltiel, Ryan Krystopowicz, Jianing Wu, and Brian Manby are registered representatives of Foreside Fund Services, LLC.

WisdomTree Funds are distributed by Foreside Fund Services, LLC, in the U.S. only. You cannot invest directly in an index.



DEFINITIONS

<u>Stagflation</u>: a situation in which the inflation rate is high, the economic growth rate slows.

Inflation : Characterized by rising price levels.

<u>Federal Reserve</u>: The Federal Reserve System is the central banking system of the United States.

<u>Balance sheet</u>: refers to the cash and cash equivalents part of the Current Assets on a firms balance sheet and cash available for purchasing new position.

<u>Tighten</u>: a decline in the amount of compensation bond holders require to lend to risky borrowers. When spreads tighten, the market is implying that borrowers pose less risk to lenders.

