THE PUBLIC'S COVID-19 SENTIMENT IS THE KEY TO THE ELECTION

Jeff Weniger - Head of Equity Strategy 10/02/2020

This is the first blog post of a three-part series on the effect of COVID-19 on the November 3rd election.

With more than 200,000 recorded U.S. COVID-19-related deaths, add in another plot twist: last night we learned that Donald and Melania Trump both contracted it.

As if Ruth Bader Ginsburg's Supreme Court vacancy wasn't enough drama.

As I write, the early indications are that Trump has a sniffle, some cold-like symptoms, fatigue. At 74, he finds himself in that vulnerable age group that could have him still fighting this thing – or worse – as the election approaches. You may recall that earlier this year Britain's Boris Johnson also caught it, but he's 18 years younger than Trump. Another notable global leader, the "Tropical Trump," Brazil's Jair Bolsonaro, caught Covid-19 and got over it this summer. He is 65 years old.

In a country where everything is political, our response to COVID-19 split down party lines months ago. The face of the lockdown camp is Democrat Andrew Cuomo, governor of New York. Advocating for reopening on the other side is Ron DeSantis, Florida's Republican governor. At the federal level, the same concept: Cuomo's reputation correlates with Joe Biden's, while DeSantis is the state-level proxy for Donald Trump.

Here's a question from the *Economist*/YouGov poll:

"Taking into consideration both your risk of contracting it and the seriousness of the illness, how worried are you personally about experiencing COVID-19?"

Note the wording of the question. It isn't about your concern that you could catch it and pass it to an elderly relative. It's about your personal health.

I have wrongly believed for months that the falling trend in hospitalizations would raise the ranks of the "Not Worried at All" respondents.

That has not happened (figure 1). Now, with Trump's positive COVID-19 test splashed across the headlines, you have to wonder if social media's "risk assessment via anecdote" issue will shift public sentiment. If Trump deteriorates, societal fear levels about the severity of the virus will spike. On the other side, the more likely outcome, even for a 74-year-old, is that he experiences cold symptoms and is back firing a couple weeks from now. In that circumstance, do more people have the conversation about Trump's COVID-19 from the comfort of a restaurant booth?

Figure 1: "Worried About COVID-19"



Degree of Worry	Aug. 2-4	Aug. 9-11	Aug. 16-18	Aug. 23-25
Very Worried	25%	28%	26%	21%
Somewhat Worried	40%	40%	37%	37%
Not Too Worried	23%	21%	23%	28%
Not Worried At All	12%	12%	14%	14%
Degree of Worry	Aug. 30 - Sept. 1	Sept. 6-8	Sept. 13-15	Sept. 20-22
Very Worried	20%	21%	22%	24%
Somewhat Worried	40%	37%	38%	36%
Not Too Worried	26%	26%	28%	26%
Not Worried At All	14%	16%	13%	14%

Source: The Economist/YouGov poll question: "Taking into consideration both your risk of contracting it and the seriousness of the illness, how worried are you personally about experiencing COVID-19?"

Nevertheless, with 60% of respondents still either "Very Worried" or "Somewhat Worried" about their personal susceptibility to COVID-19, Trump has a reelection problem. If your thesis has the incumbent losing, check out my <u>Biden blog</u>.

For now, let's game the other thesis: The COVID-19 situation improves between now and the election, pushing Trump to victory, an outcome that has slipped toward 2-1 odds at this point.

Do I have these market reactions about right?

Biden "On" and Trump "Off" = Alternative Energy

Trump "On" and Biden "Off" = Big Oil

And this?

Biden "On" and Trump "Off" = Regulate Wall Street

Trump "On" and Biden "Off" = Do Not Regulate Wall Street

Look at the weights of Energy and Financials in the <u>S&P 500 Value</u> and <u>S&P 500 Growth Ind exes</u> (figure 2). Form an opinion on the election outcome and you have your guide on <u>grow th</u> versus <u>value</u>.

Trump win? Value. Biden win? Growth.

Figure 2: U.S. Large-Cap Sector Weights

U.S. Large Cap Sector Weights					
Sector	S&P 500 Value	S&P 500	S&P 500 Growth		
Basic Materials	2.6%	2.4%	2.1%		
Consumer Cyclical	5.9%	11.4%	14.7%		
Financial Services	18.5%	16.2%	9.4%		
Real Estate	3.2%	2.7%	2.4%		
Communication Services	8.2%	11.2%	12.8%		
Energy	4.9%	2.2%	0.5%		
Industrials	10.4%	8.6%	7.3%		
Technology	7.8%	23.4%	35.1%		
Consumer Defensive	11.4%	7.6%	5.0%		
Healthcare	20.5%	14.3%	10.1%		
Utilities	6.5%	3.0%	0.6%		
Total	100.0%	103.0%	100.0%		

Source: Morningstar, as of 9/11/20.

For the Biden thesis-growth stocks-two strategies are the <u>WisdomTree Cloud Computing Fund (WCLD)</u> and the <u>WisdomTree Growth Leaders Fund (PLAT)</u>. The latter can be thought of as our twist on the NASDAQ.



For the Trump thesis-value stocks-the <u>WisdomTree U.S. LargeCap Dividend Fund (DLN)</u> comes to mind because it has about 7% in the Energy sector. Another idea may be to shade down the market-cap spectrum. You can find a 22% weight to Financials inside the <u>WisdomTree MidCap Dividend Fund (DON)</u>.

Important Risks Related to this Article

There are risks associated with investing, including possible loss of principal. Funds focusing their investments on certain sectors, such as DLN and DON, increase their vulnerability to any single economic or regulatory development. This may result in greater share price volatility.

Foreign investing involves special risks, such as risk of loss from currency fluctuation or political or economic uncertainty; these risks may be enhanced in emerging, offshore or frontier markets. Technology platform companies have significant exposure to consumers and businesses, and a failure to attract and retain a substantial number of such users to a company's products, services, content or technology could adversely affect operating results. Technological changes could require substantial expenditures by a technology platform company to modify or adapt its products, services, content or infrastructure. Technology platform companies typically face intense competition, and the development of new products is a complex and uncertain process. Concerns regarding a company's products or services that may compromise the privacy of users, or other cybersecurity concerns, even if unfounded, could damage a company's reputation and adversely affect operating results. Many technology platform companies currently operate under less regulatory scrutiny but there is significant risk that costs associated with regulatory oversight could increase in the future. PLAT invests in the securities included in, or representative of, its Index regardless of their investment merit, and the Fund does not attempt to outperform its Index or take defensive positions in declining markets. The composition of the Index is heavily dependent on quantitative and qualitative information and data from one or more third parties, and the Index may not perform as intended.

WCLD invests in cloud computing companies, which are heavily dependent on the Internet and utilizing a distributed network of servers over the Internet. Cloud computing companies may have limited product lines, markets, financial resources or personnel and are subject to the risks of changes in business cycles, world economic growth, technological progress and government regulation. These companies typically face intense competition and potentially rapid product obsolescence. Additionally, many cloud computing companies store sensitive consumer information and could be the target of cybersecurity attacks and other types of theft, which could have a negative impact on these companies and the Fund. Securities of cloud computing companies tend to be more volatile than securities of companies that rely less heavily on technology and, specifically, on the Internet. Cloud computing companies can typically engage in significant amounts of spending on research and development, and rapid changes to the field could have a material adverse effect on a company's operating results. The composition of the Index is heavily dependent on quantitative and qualitative information and data from one or more third parties, and the Index may not perform as intended.

Please read each Fund's prospectus for specific details regarding the Fund's risk profile.

For standardized performance and the most recent month-end performance click $\frac{\text{here}}{\text{here}}$ NOTE, this material is intended for electronic use only. Individuals who intend to print and physically deliver to an investor must print the monthly performance report to accompany this blog.

For more investing insights, check out our <a>Economic & Market Outlook



View the online version of this article here.



IMPORTANT INFORMATION

U.S. investors only: Click <u>here</u> to obtain a WisdomTree ETF prospectus which contains investment objectives, risks, charges, expenses, and other information; read and consider carefully before investing.

There are risks involved with investing, including possible loss of principal. Foreign investing involves currency, political and economic risk. Funds focusing on a single country, sector and/or funds that emphasize investments in smaller companies may experience greater price volatility. Investments in emerging markets, currency, fixed income and alternative investments include additional risks. Please see prospectus for discussion of risks.

Past performance is not indicative of future results. This material contains the opinions of the author, which are subject to change, and should not to be considered or interpreted as a recommendation to participate in any particular trading strategy, or deemed to be an offer or sale of any investment product and it should not be relied on as such. There is no guarantee that any strategies discussed will work under all market conditions. This material represents an assessment of the market environment at a specific time and is not intended to be a forecast of future events or a guarantee of future results. This material should not be relied upon as research or investment advice regarding any security in particular. The user of this information assumes the entire risk of any use made of the information provided herein. Neither WisdomTree nor its affiliates, nor Foreside Fund Services, LLC, or its affiliates provide tax or legal advice. Investors seeking tax or legal advice should consult their tax or legal advisor. Unless expressly stated otherwise the opinions, interpretations or findings expressed herein do not necessarily represent the views of WisdomTree or any of its affiliates.

The MSCI information may only be used for your internal use, may not be reproduced or re-disseminated in any form and may not be used as a basis for or component of any financial instruments or products or indexes. None of the MSCI information is intended to constitute investment advice or a recommendation to make (or refrain from making) any kind of investment decision and may not be relied on as such. Historical data and analysis should not be taken as an indication or guarantee of any future performance analysis, forecast or prediction. The MSCI information is provided on an "as is" basis and the user of this information assumes the entire risk of any use made of this information. MSCI, each of its affiliates and each entity involved in compiling, computing or creating any MSCI information (collectively, the "MSCI Parties") expressly disclaims all warranties. With respect to this information, in no event shall any MSCI Party have any liability for any direct, indirect, special, incidental, punitive, consequential (including loss profits) or any other damages (www.msci.com)

Jonathan Steinberg, Jeremy Schwartz, Rick Harper, Christopher Gannatti, Bradley Krom, Tripp Zimmerman, Michael Barrer, Anita Rausch, Kevin Flanagan, Brendan Loftus, Joseph Tenaglia, Jeff Weniger, Matt Wagner, Alejandro Saltiel, Ryan Krystopowicz, Jianing Wu, and Brian Manby are registered representatives of Foreside Fund Services, LLC.

WisdomTree Funds are distributed by Foreside Fund Services, LLC, in the U.S. only. You cannot invest directly in an index.



DEFINITIONS

Growth: Characterized by higher price levels relative to fundamentals, such as dividends or earnings. Price levels are higher because investors are willing to pay more due to their expectations of future improvements in these fundamentals.

<u>Value</u>: Characterized by lower price levels relative to fundamentals, such as earnings or dividends. Prices are lower because investors are less certain of the performance of these fundamentals in the future. This term is also related to the Value Factor, which associates these stock characteristics with excess returns vs the market over tim.

