

A TURNING POINT FOR EMERGING MARKETS

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Positive developments for vaccines offer hope for the ultimate reopening of the global economy in 2021 and are causing many to look for the much-awaited “rotation” into [value](#) strategies. In one example of this value rotation, emerging market equities have outperformed the U.S. by more than 600 [basis points \(bps\)](#) since early September.

By a number of measures, WisdomTree’s lowest-valuation and most value-leaning Indexes can be found in emerging markets.

At the end of October, WisdomTree conducted the annual [rebalance](#) for its [dividend-weighted](#) emerging markets Indexes.

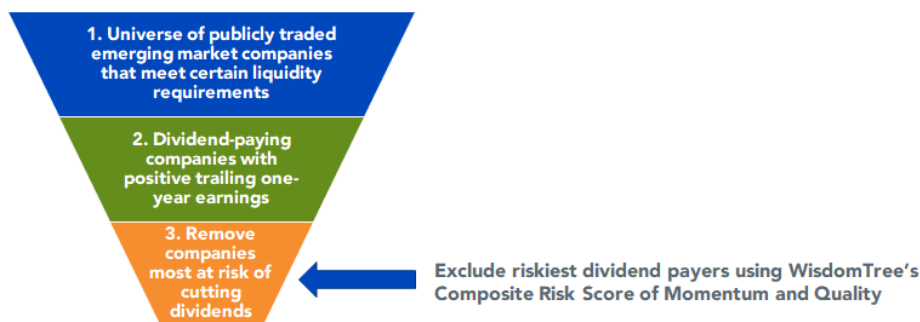
Let’s review the methodologies for two of these Indexes—the [WisdomTree Emerging Markets High Dividend Index](#) and the [WisdomTree Emerging Markets SmallCap Dividend Index](#).

The first two steps—selecting a liquid universe of companies and filtering for dividend payers with positive trailing earnings—is unchanged from last year’s reconstitution.

New to these Indexes this year is an [enhanced risk screen to remove the riskiest dividend payers from the starting universe](#).

This additional screen adds a [quality](#) tilt to the value factor and mitigates exposure to companies most likely to cut or suspend their dividends, which tend to lag the market.

WisdomTree Emerging Markets Dividend Indexes



High Dividend Index
Select the top 30% of companies by dividend yield, ~500 companies

SmallCap Dividend Index
Select companies in the bottom 10% of total market-cap, ~950 companies

After selecting constituents, holdings are initially [Dividend Stream](#)[®] weighted by cash dividends paid. Subsequently, the companies with the highest composite risk scores (top two deciles) have their [Dividend Stream](#) weights increased by 1.5x. This increase reflects greater conviction in higher-scoring companies’ ability to maintain or increase dividends.

The byproduct of [Dividend Stream](#) weighting is a tendency to “sell your winners and buy your losers.”

The table below shows a simplified example of changes to a company’s dividend and stock price during the year and whether weight is increased or decreased to that company at rebalance.

If we look at the green box, a flat (or unchanged) dividend accompanied by an increase in stock price during the year would likely see a decrease in weight (selling).

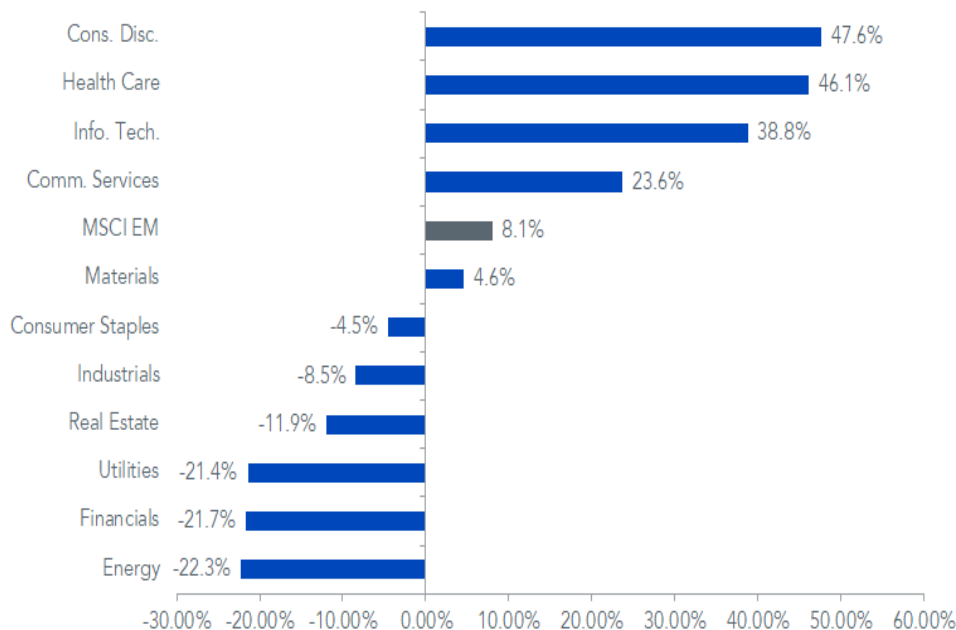
For the scenario in the blue box, a company that was down during the year but had a flat dividend would likely have weight increased (buying).

Stock Price During Year	Dividends Change	Weight Change at Rebalance
↑	Up	Depends on which rose more
	Flat	Decrease
	Down	Decrease
↔	Up	Increase
	Flat	Unchanged
	Down	Decrease
↓	Up	Increase
	Flat	Increase
	Down	Depends on which fell more

If we made the simplified (but inaccurate) assumption that dividends today were roughly in line with last October’s rebalance, we would expect the Index to increase weight to the sectors that lagged and reduce weight to those that outperformed.

When we look at the 12-month performance of EM equities between Index screening dates, that would mean trimming exposure to the outperforming growth sectors and adding exposure to lagging value sectors.

MSCI Emerging Markets Index



Sources: WisdomTree, Bloomberg, 9/30/19-9/30/20. Returns based on index price returns. You cannot invest directly in an index. Past performance is not indicative of future returns.

Sector and Country Changes

Between the two Indexes, there are a handful of notable sector weight changes from the rebalance.

- **High Dividend Index reduced Energy exposure by 11%** – Energy was the worst-performing EM sector over the past 12 months. It was also a sector that had significant dividend reductions, as energy companies were squeezed by dropping oil prices. Because many EM energy companies target dividend payments around payout ratios (paying a percentage of last year’s earnings), we will likely see more dividend cuts to come from EM energy companies in 2021 as a result of depressed 2020 earnings.
- **Both Indexes added exposure to Financials** – Financials was the second-worst performing sector but did better with maintaining dividends and didn’t have as significant a drop in earnings.
- **Outperforming Tech sector exposure trimmed in both Indexes** – Tech was one of the best-performing EM sectors, so the rebalance process of selling winners results in reduced weight.

WisdomTree Emerging Markets Dividend Indexes

Sector	High Dividend			SmallCap Dividend		
	Pre-Rebalance	Post-Rebalance	Change	Pre-Rebalance	Post-Rebalance	Change
Comm. Services	6.5%	11.2%	4.8%	2.7%	3.3%	0.6%
Cons. Disc.	4.9%	2.8%	-2.1%	11.6%	9.9%	-1.7%
Cons. Staples	3.0%	5.0%	2.0%	6.4%	8.5%	2.1%
Energy	16.0%	4.9%	-11.1%	1.8%	1.4%	-0.4%
Financials	18.8%	26.7%	7.9%	9.1%	13.3%	4.2%
Health Care	0.6%	0.3%	-0.3%	4.2%	3.5%	-0.7%
Industrials	4.6%	4.3%	-0.3%	13.2%	13.7%	0.6%
Info. Tech.	17.1%	12.9%	-4.2%	22.5%	16.5%	-6.0%
Materials	22.1%	18.0%	-4.1%	12.4%	12.1%	-0.3%
Real Estate	3.8%	7.5%	3.6%	11.1%	9.5%	-1.5%
Utilities	2.5%	6.3%	3.7%	5.1%	8.2%	3.1%

Sources: WisdomTree, FactSet. Pre-rebalance holdings as of 10/22/20. Post-rebalance holdings as of 10/23/20. You cannot invest directly in an index. Weights subject to change.

Country-level changes were more modest than with sectors. Each Index’s rule around 25% country caps drove reduced weights to Taiwan in both Indexes. Because there is a rule for an additional 5% weight to China domestically listed A-shares, the China cap is effectively 30%.

WisdomTree Emerging Markets Dividend Indexes

Country	High Dividend			SmallCap Dividend		
	Pre-Rebalance	Post-Rebalance	Change	Pre-Rebalance	Post-Rebalance	Change
China	30.7%	29.0%	-1.7%	21.8%	20.7%	-1.1%
Taiwan	29.8%	25.7%	-4.0%	34.2%	25.9%	-8.3%
Korea	3.1%	4.6%	1.5%	10.4%	14.2%	3.8%
India	2.4%	4.8%	2.4%	5.2%	8.8%	3.6%
Brazil	3.2%	7.6%	4.4%	4.9%	4.8%	-0.1%
South Africa	3.0%	3.7%	0.8%	5.2%	5.1%	-0.1%
Saudi Arabia	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Russia	17.9%	13.4%	-4.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Thailand	1.6%	2.2%	0.6%	5.4%	7.7%	2.4%
Malaysia	1.5%	0.5%	-1.1%	4.2%	4.2%	0.0%

Sources: WisdomTree, FactSet. Pre-rebalance holdings as of 10/22/20. Post-rebalance holdings as of 10/23/20. You cannot invest directly in an index. Weights subject to change.

Factor Tilts and Fundamentals

After the rebalance, there is a significant pickup in quality factor exposures for both Indexes from removing the riskiest dividend payers.

In our factor-exposure scorecard below, each category—"Good," "Okay" and "Bad"—contains roughly a third of the total market cap of emerging market equities. Tilts away from the market across these categories indicate how an Index taps into these different factors.

What's notable is that each Index significantly increased quality exposure without sacrificing its distinct value tilts (each has significantly greater than 33% of its weight in "Good" value).

Factor Exposures

Index	Group	Value	Quality	Momentum
WisdomTree Emerging Markets High Dividend Index - Pre-Rebalance	Good	70.4%	21.7%	30.6%
	Okay	22.9%	30.0%	32.8%
	Bad	6.6%	48.3%	36.6%
WisdomTree Emerging Markets High Dividend Index - Post-Rebalance	Good	69.9%	38.1%	27.2%
	Okay	23.8%	31.7%	36.0%
	Bad	6.3%	30.2%	36.8%
WisdomTree Emerging Markets SmallCap Dividend Index - Pre-Rebalance	Good	53.4%	32.4%	42.2%
	Okay	29.3%	36.3%	28.9%
	Bad	17.3%	31.2%	28.9%
WisdomTree Emerging Markets SmallCap Dividend Index - Post-Rebalance	Good	54.7%	44.0%	39.9%
	Okay	28.8%	35.6%	30.4%
	Bad	16.5%	20.4%	29.8%
MSCI Emerging Markets Index	Good	33.1%	33.3%	30.1%
	Okay	38.0%	33.8%	35.8%
	Bad	28.9%	32.9%	34.1%

Sources: WisdomTree, FactSet. Pre-rebalance holdings as of 10/22/20. Post-rebalance holdings as of 10/23/20. You cannot invest directly in an index. Weights subject to change.

These factor tilts are confirmed by what we see in the Index characteristic pre- and post-rebalance. Both Indexes have roughly the same dividend yield, a lower price-to-earnings ratio and a slightly higher price-to-sales ratio. And each Index has significantly better profitability metrics.

WisdomTree Emerging Markets Dividend Index Characteristics

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Reducing "Home Country Bias"

We understand many investors may have significant "home country bias" reflected in their portfolios as a byproduct of years of U.S. outperformance. While it's impossible to time

turning points for when international equities may outperform, perhaps a more trade-friendly white House and a global economic recovery in the years to come may make that turning point arrive sooner rather than later.

For standardized performance and the most recent month-end performance click [here](#) NOTE, this material is intended for electronic use only. Individuals who intend to print and physically deliver to an investor must print the monthly performance report to accompany this blog.

For more investing insights, check out our [Economic & Market Outlook](#)

View the online version of this article [here](#).

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

U.S. investors only: Click [here](#) to obtain a WisdomTree ETF prospectus which contains investment objectives, risks, charges, expenses, and other information; read and consider carefully before investing.

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DEFINITIONS

Value: Characterized by lower price levels relative to fundamentals, such as earnings or dividends. Prices are lower because investors are less certain of the performance of these fundamentals in the future. This term is also related to the Value Factor, which associates these stock characteristics with excess returns vs the market over time.

Basis point: 1/100th of 1 percent.

Rebalance: An index is created by applying a certain set of selection and weighting rules at a certain frequency. WisdomTree rebalances, or re-applies its rules based selection and weighting process on an annual basis.

Dividend weighted: Constituent securities represented within the Index in proportion to their contribution to the dividend stream of the Index.

Quality: Characterized by higher efficiency and profitability. Typical measures include earnings, return on equity, return on assets, operating profitability as well as others. This term is also related to the Quality Factor, which associates these stock characteristics with excess returns vs the market over time.

Dividend Stream: Refers to the regular dividends per share multiplied by the number of shares outstanding.