

HIGH HOPES

Kevin Flanagan – Head of Fixed Income Strategy
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As investors continue to sort through the aftermath of the bond market turmoil we witnessed in March, questions arise as to where there are potential relative [value](#) opportunities. The first sector that comes to mind is U.S. [high-yield \(HY\)](#) corporate bonds...you might say this is where I have high hopes.

I'll be the first to admit that a great deal of uncertainty remains in the fixed income investment landscape. However, I find myself in pretty close alignment with the [Federal Reserve's \(Fed\)](#) on the economic outlook. That is, acknowledging the uncharted territory we find ourselves in, yet coming to the conclusion that a reasonable scenario exists for an elongated 'U-shaped' recovery. Check the econ box off in favor.

High Yield Spread



Source: Bloomberg, as of 6/15/20. High yield is represented by Bloomberg Barclays US Corporate High Yield Avg OAS (option-adjusted spread). Past performance is not indicative of future results.

What about spread levels? The graph clearly illustrates the degree of the sell-off that occurred during March. In fact, HY experienced its worst two-week period during the mid to latter portion of that month. As a result, HY spreads rose 750 [basis points \(bps\)](#) to +1,100 bps, the second-highest level on record. This widening was only eclipsed by the global financial crisis, and as you can clearly see, this year's widening was far greater than the early 2016 and late-2018/early-2019 episodes.

Since the tumultuous selling in March, the U.S. HY sector has reversed course with [spreads](#) narrowing by roughly 500 bps as of this writing. In other words, spreads have retraced 65% of their widening from the peak that was registered on March 23. While this is certainly good news, I feel U.S. HY corporates still have room for further improvement. Additional spread narrowing is expected, but it may not be as straightforward as the decline up to now has been. Indeed, prior to the March sell-off, HY spreads were trading in the +300 bps to +400 bps range. For the record, as of this writing, the differential was +611 bps. As you can see, there is ample room for improvement. Check the spread box in favor.

The Federal Reserve has opened its [Secondary Market Corporate Credit Facility \(SMCCF\)](#) and has begun making U.S. corporate bond purchases to its balance sheet. The amounts

thus far have been rather modest in relative terms, but the Fed has plenty of firepower at its disposal if needed. In fact, you can make the case the amounts have been relatively small up to now because the policymakers feel conditions don't warrant a more aggressive approach. Check the Fed policy box in favor.

Bottom line: While we see potential value and income opportunities in the U.S. HY corporate market, screening for [quality](#) is of paramount performance. The [WisdomTree U.S. High Yield Corporate Bond Fund \(WFHY\)](#) could provide a "core plus" solution that meets this goal. The [WisdomTree Interest Rate Hedged High Yield Bond Fund \(HYZD\)](#) also provides an avenue into HY, but with the potential to manage interest rate risk and screen for quality.

Unless otherwise stated, data source is Bloomberg, as of June 12, 2020.

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DEFINITIONS

Value: Characterized by lower price levels relative to fundamentals, such as earnings or dividends. Prices are lower because investors are less certain of the performance of these fundamentals in the future. This term is also related to the Value Factor, which associates these stock characteristics with excess returns vs the market over time.

High Yield Corporate (Bond): a type of corporate bond that offers a higher rate of interest because of its higher risk of default.

Federal Reserve: The Federal Reserve System is the central banking system of the United States.

Basis point: 1/100th of 1 percent.

Spread: Typically refers to a difference between a measure of yield for one asset class and a measure of yield for either a different subset of that asset class or a different asset class entirely.

Quality: Characterized by higher efficiency and profitability. Typical measures include earnings, return on equity, return on assets, operating profitability as well as others. This term is also related to the Quality Factor, which associates these stock characteristics with excess returns vs the market over time.